

Acceleration: **any** change in velocity.

$$\text{acceleration} = \frac{\text{change in velocity}}{\text{change in time}}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t}$$

a = acceleration

v = velocity

t = time

v_f = final velocity

v_i = initial velocity

1. A car moving at 30 ft/s accelerates uniformly to 40 ft/s in 8 seconds. Calculate the acceleration of the car.

1 B. A car starts at rest and accelerates at 2 m/sec^2 for 4 seconds. How fast will it be moving at the end of that time?

2. A student enters the parking lot at 30 miles/hr (which is 44 ft/s). He sees Mr. Daly and slows down to 1 ft/s in 2 seconds. Find his acceleration (in ft/s²).

3. A Porsche turbo can go from rest to 60 mi/hr in 4 seconds. Find the acceleration of the car in ft/s^2 .

4. An object is dropped from rest and accelerates downward at 9.81 m/s^2 . How fast will it be moving after falling for 8 seconds?

5. Igor was driving his hearse Northward at 42 m/s when he remembered that he had forgotten his shovel. He hit the brakes, bringing the hearse to a dead stop. If he accelerated at -16 m/s^2 , how long did it take him to stop?

6. A skateboarder is moving at a constant velocity of 1.75 m/s when he starts up an incline that causes him to slow down at a constant acceleration of $-.20 \text{ m/s}^2$. How much time passes from when he begins to slow down until he begins to move back down the incline?

7. A car which is moving at 30 ft/s begins to accelerate at 8 ft/s^2 . How long will it take the car to reach a speed of 55 ft/s?

8. A car is traveling at 10 m/s and accelerates at a constant rate until it reaches 30 m/s. What is the average speed of the car?

If the car was accelerating for 8 seconds, what was the magnitude of the acceleration?

What distance did it cover while accelerating?

An object starts at rest and accelerates at 3m/sec^2 for 15 seconds. How far does it move in the 15 seconds?

Important Formulae

$$\bar{v} = \frac{d}{t} \quad \rightarrow \quad d = \bar{v} t$$

$$\bar{a} = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t} \quad \rightarrow \quad v_f = v_i + a t$$

$$\bar{v} = \frac{v_f + v_i}{2}$$

Free Fall:

Acceleration of gravity = 9.81 m/s^2

= 32 ft/s^2

1. An object falls freely from rest.
 - a. How fast will it be moving after falling for 2.3 seconds?
 - b. What is its average speed?
 - c. How far did it fall?